TAG/Pre-AP Algebra II - 11.6 (Binomial Theorem) Worksheet

Please show all work and solutions on separate paper. NO WORK = NO CREDIT!!!

Simplify each expression WITHOUT a calculator: (if you've forgotten how to do these, refer to the examples on pages 795-797)

1.
$$_{7}P_{4}$$

2.
$$_{12}C_6$$

3.
$$\frac{20!}{18!2!}$$

3.
$$\frac{20!}{18!2!}$$
 4. $\frac{32!}{30!4!}$

5.
$$\frac{(n+2)!}{n!}$$

5.
$$\frac{(n+2)!}{n!}$$
 6. $\frac{(n+1)!}{(n+4)!}$ 7. $\frac{(n+3)!}{(n-2)!}$

7.
$$\frac{(n+3)!}{(n-2)!}$$

Convert the following into factorial form:

8.
$$\frac{47 \cdot 46 \cdot 45}{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7}$$

9.
$$\frac{100 \cdot 99 \cdot 98 \cdot 97}{21 \cdot 20 \cdot 19 \cdot 12 \cdot 11}$$

8.
$$\frac{47 \cdot 46 \cdot 45}{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7}$$
 9. $\frac{100 \cdot 99 \cdot 98 \cdot 97}{21 \cdot 20 \cdot 19 \cdot 12 \cdot 11}$ **10.** $\frac{32 \cdot 31 \cdot 30 \cdot 18 \cdot 17 \cdot 16}{77 \cdot 76 \cdot 75 \cdot 74 \cdot 73}$ **11.** $451 \cdot 450 \cdot 449 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3$

***For #12-18, you are expected to do each problem using the binomial theorem while **ONLY** using a calculator for multiplication at the final step. You must show all work WITHOUT using the "nCr" function OR the factorial function on your calculator! The following is an example of the type of work that you are expected to show when using the Binomial Theorem:

EXAMPLE – Find the 5th term of $(2a-5b)^{11}$:

$$\binom{11}{4}(2a)^7(-5b)^4$$

(use the Binomial Theorem for the set-up)

$$= \frac{11!}{4! \cdot 7!} \cdot 2^7 \cdot a^7 \cdot (-5)^4 \cdot b^4$$

(expand nCr using factorials)

$$= \frac{11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8}{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} \cdot 128 \cdot a^7 \cdot 625 \cdot b^4$$

(simplify the factorial by dividing out factors)

$$= \frac{9}{3} \cdot \frac{8}{4 \cdot 2} \cdot \frac{11 \cdot 10}{1} \cdot 128 \cdot a^7 \cdot 625 \cdot b^4$$

(continue to simplify as much as possible without using a calculator!)

$$= 3 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 128 \cdot 625 \cdot a^7 b^4$$
$$= 26400000 a^7 b^4$$

(a calculator is allowed only for the multiplication in this final step - if it appears that you used a calculator to do the nCr's or the factorials, you will receive ZERO credit)

Find the simplified term that contains the specified power in the expansion of the given binomial power.

12.
$$(c-d)^{19}$$
; d^{15}

13.
$$(x^3 + y^2)^{15}$$
; y^{12}

12.
$$(c-d)^{19}$$
; d^{15} **13.** $(x^3+y^2)^{15}$; y^{12} **14.** $(x^3-y^2)^{13}$; x^{18} **15.** $(3x+2y)^8$; y^5

15.
$$(3x+2y)^8$$
; y

Find the specified term in the expansion of the given binomial power.

16.
$$(r-q)^{15}$$
; 12th term

17.
$$(a-b)^{17}$$
; 8th term

16.
$$(r-q)^{15}$$
; 12th term **17.** $(a-b)^{17}$; 8th term **18.** $(3x^2-2y^3)^7$; 4th term

Use the Binomial Theorem to expand each binomial power WITHOUT USING A CALCULATOR. Show all work - evaluate all nCr's properly by using factorials. Do NOT use Pascal's Triangle.

19.
$$(y+5)^4$$

20.
$$(2a-3c)^5$$

- 21. Suppose that (r+s) is raised to some positive integer power, and one term in the binomial series is $27132r^{13}s^6$.
 - a) Which term is it?
 - b) To what power was (r + s) raised?
 - c) What is the next term? (Simplify the coefficient calculator-allowed)
 - d) How many terms are there in this series?