Algebra II Fourth Six Weeks Exam Study Guide

Show ALL work and solutions on <u>SEPARATE PAPER</u>. No work = no credit!!!

There will be 25 questions on this test, 4 points each; about 30% of the test will be over Chapter 6 material, so be sure to review that material as well.

Find each real number root.

1.
$$\sqrt{-144}$$

2.
$$-\sqrt[3]{27}$$

3.
$$\sqrt{64}$$

Simplify each expression.

$$4. \quad \sqrt{5x^4y^3} \bullet \sqrt{45x^3y}$$

$$5. \ \frac{\sqrt[3]{81a^8b^5}}{\sqrt[3]{3a^2b}}$$

$$6. \quad \sqrt{7x^3} \bullet \sqrt[4]{14x}$$

Rationalize all denominators.

7.
$$\frac{\sqrt{2a^7b^2}}{\sqrt{3b^3}}$$

8.
$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{5}}{\sqrt[3]{x^4}}$$

$$9. \ \frac{1-\sqrt{3x}}{\sqrt{6x}}$$

Simplify each expression.

10.
$$2\sqrt[4]{2x} + 6\sqrt[4]{2x}$$

11.
$$11\sqrt[3]{4xy} - 9\sqrt[3]{4x^2y}$$

12.
$$(5+\sqrt{3})(2-\sqrt{3})$$

13.
$$\sqrt{2x} - \sqrt{8x} + \sqrt{18x}$$

14.
$$36^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

15.
$$\left(x^{\frac{3}{4}}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

Rationalize the denominator.

Solve each equation.

16.
$$\frac{1-\sqrt[3]{2}}{\sqrt[3]{5}}$$

17.
$$\sqrt{x+7} + 4 = 1$$

18.
$$(3x+1)^{\frac{2}{3}} = 4$$

Let f(x) = 2x + 5 and $g(x) = x^2 - 3x + 2$. Find:

19.
$$-2f(x) - g(x)$$

20.
$$g(x) \bullet f(x)$$

21.
$$(f \circ g)(-2)$$

Find the inverse of each function.

22.
$$y = 2x^3 + 1$$

23.
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 7$$

Write each polynomial in standard form. Then classify by degree and number of terms.

24.
$$3x + 2x^2 - x + 4x^3$$

Use either long division and synthetic division to divide:

25.
$$(x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x - 4) \div (x - 2)$$

Use synthetic division and the Remainder Theorem to find P(a).

26.
$$P(x) = 5x^4 - x^2 + 1$$
; $a = -2$

Factor the expressions completely.

27.
$$x^3 - 8 = 0$$

28.
$$4x^3 - 20x^2 + 16x$$

Find all the roots of:

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29.
$$x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6 = 0$$

30.
$$x^3 - 3x^2 + x + 5 = 0$$

Evaluate:

31.
$$_{4}P_{3}$$

- 32. In how many ways can you arrange 5 different canisters in a row on a shelf?
- 33. How many different three-student study groups can be selected from a class of 15?

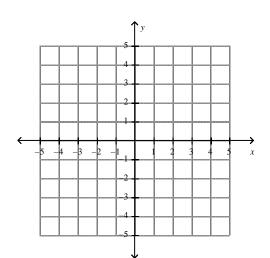
Use Pascal's Triangle to expand:

34.
$$(1-2t)^2$$

35.
$$(2x+3z)^4$$

Graph each function.

36.
$$y = \sqrt{x+3} - 2$$



37.
$$y = \sqrt[3]{x+4} - 1$$

